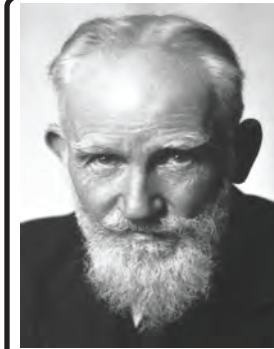


Root Causes of Problems:

Abraham Lincoln defined Democracy as government of the people, by the people, for the people, at Gettysburg, during American Civil War.



V/S



Bernard Shaw regards Lincoln's definition of democracy as 'romantic nonsense.' He wrote, that the people have never really governed, in 'Everybody's Political What's What?'



Bernard Shaw has pointed out the flaw, that in a democracy, the actual active role of the electorate is very short, about once in 4 or 5 years. In his view, whenever the public does not get the attainable things, it agitates, makes protests, revolution out of desperation. Democracy collapses or a dictator takes power. There is no active role and control of the people.

Constitutional scholar's answer on this objection is that in parliamentary democracy, where government is more responsible, **1** Independent Judiciary and **2** Opposition or whole Parliament work to constantly control the government on behalf of the people. Though this scheme should always work, most of the times opposition greedy for power gags democracy. Also, if the opposition is weak or the leaders of the opposition are in collusion with the leaders in government, then this provision also becomes redundant. Judiciary trying too much executive role or which is dominated by government is also futile.

No matter how much progress the human society makes in future, it will definitely need governance and it is also almost certain that democracy will be most preferred. Despite all the technical progress, we cannot use referendum all the time, for people's active role. We will need some good character & intelligent people as representatives, chosen at regular intervals, who will serve in governance. Our challenge is choosing correct people and assess their responsibilities vigilantly. Yes, there are some solutions.